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1917

## Selective concentration of a complex ore by flotation

Paul Frederick Pape

Ralph Dale

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SELECTIVE CONCENTRATION OF A COMPLEX ORE BY FLOTATION

BY

PAUL FREDERICK PAPE

and

RALPH DALE

A

THESIS

submitted to the faculty of the

SCHOOL OF MINES AND METALLURGY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI

In partial fulfillment of the work required for the

Degree of

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MINE ENGINEERING

Rolla, Mo.

1917.

Approved by .

*Horace T. Mann*

Associate Professor of Metallurgy and Ore Dressing

Table of Contents.

Title. . . . .	Page 1.
Introduction. . . . .	" 2.
Preliminary Tests. . . . .	" 3.
Conclusion. . . . .	" 5.
Bibliography. . . . .	" 6.

## SELECTIVE CONCENTRATION OF A COMPLEX ORE

### BY FLOTATION.

#### Introduction:

The problem of the Mining Engineer and Metallurgical Engineer who wishes to treat the slimes and fine sands of a complex ore is the recovery and separation of minerals so as to render a subsequent treatment of any mineral profitable. The minerals must be separated into groups which can be treated by different processes, because a combination of numerous minerals is extremely undesirable at the smelting plant. In a lead ore the presence of zinc often depletes its value to such an extent that it is unprofitable to treat it; likewise with other minerals and ores. Many systems of selective separation of slimes and fine sands have been tried but with little success. The latest attempt towards this end has been by means of the flotation process. The eagerness to separate the minerals of a complex sulphide ore is seen in a retrospection of the great number of patents that have been issued. These patents bring into consideration, a vast number of chemical solutions which are used as selectors in the flotation process.

The object of our experiment work was to find the best method of selective flotation adaptable to a particular ore at hand.

The Hoover type of Minerals separation machine was used to run the tests.

Each charge was as follows:

Ore. . . . .	800 gm.
Water. . . . .	4000 "
Dilution of pulp. . . . .	5 to 1
Oil. . . . .	.5#/Ton
Time of run. . . . .	20 minutes.
Speed of impeller. . . . .	2000 R.P.M.

All factors of operation remained constant except the reagents.

Preliminary Tests.

A physical and chemical test was made of the ore and the results obtained are:

Alkalinity of the ore and tap water:

The tap water required .488 pounds of sulphuric acid per ton to neutralize it.

The ore required approximately 2.8 pounds of sulphuric acid per ton to neutralize it.

Chemical Analysis of the ore:

Pb. . . . .	3.25%
Zn. . . . .	29.02%
Fe. . . . .	8.90%
As. . . . .	0.80%

Traces of... As, Sb, Au, Ag,.

Physical Analysis of the ore;

Small portions of the products from the screen analysis were examined with the microscope to determine which mesh the greatest number of grains were broken free.

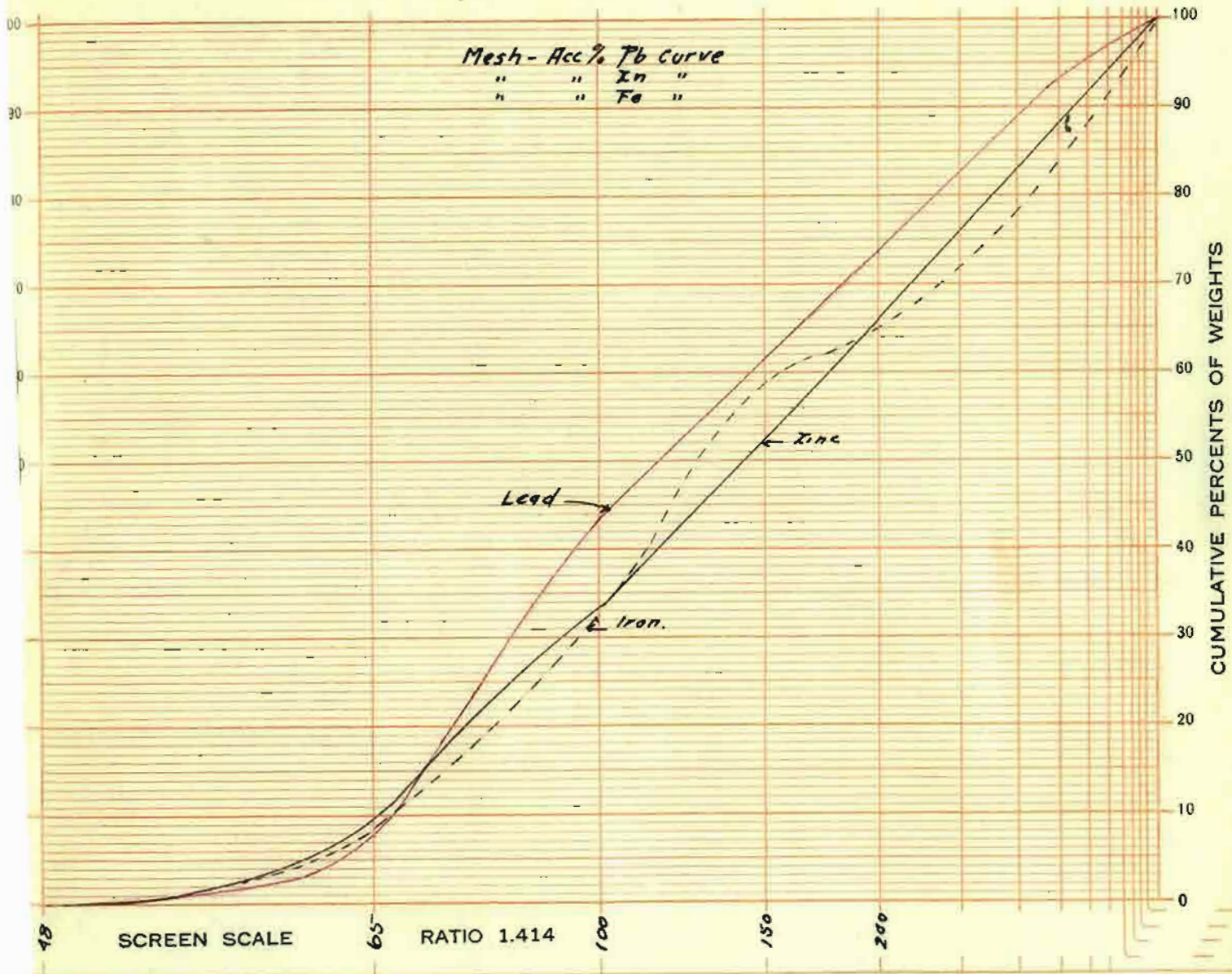
Mesh . . . . .	65	100	150	200	250
No. of grains examined	10000	10000	10000		
" " middling grains	864	13	4		
% " " "	8.64%	1.3%	.4%		

# The Tyler Standard Screen Scale

Cumulative Direct Diagram of Screen Analysis on Sample of *Cape Land Ore.*

Name *Pape* and Date

Date *May 3, 1917.*



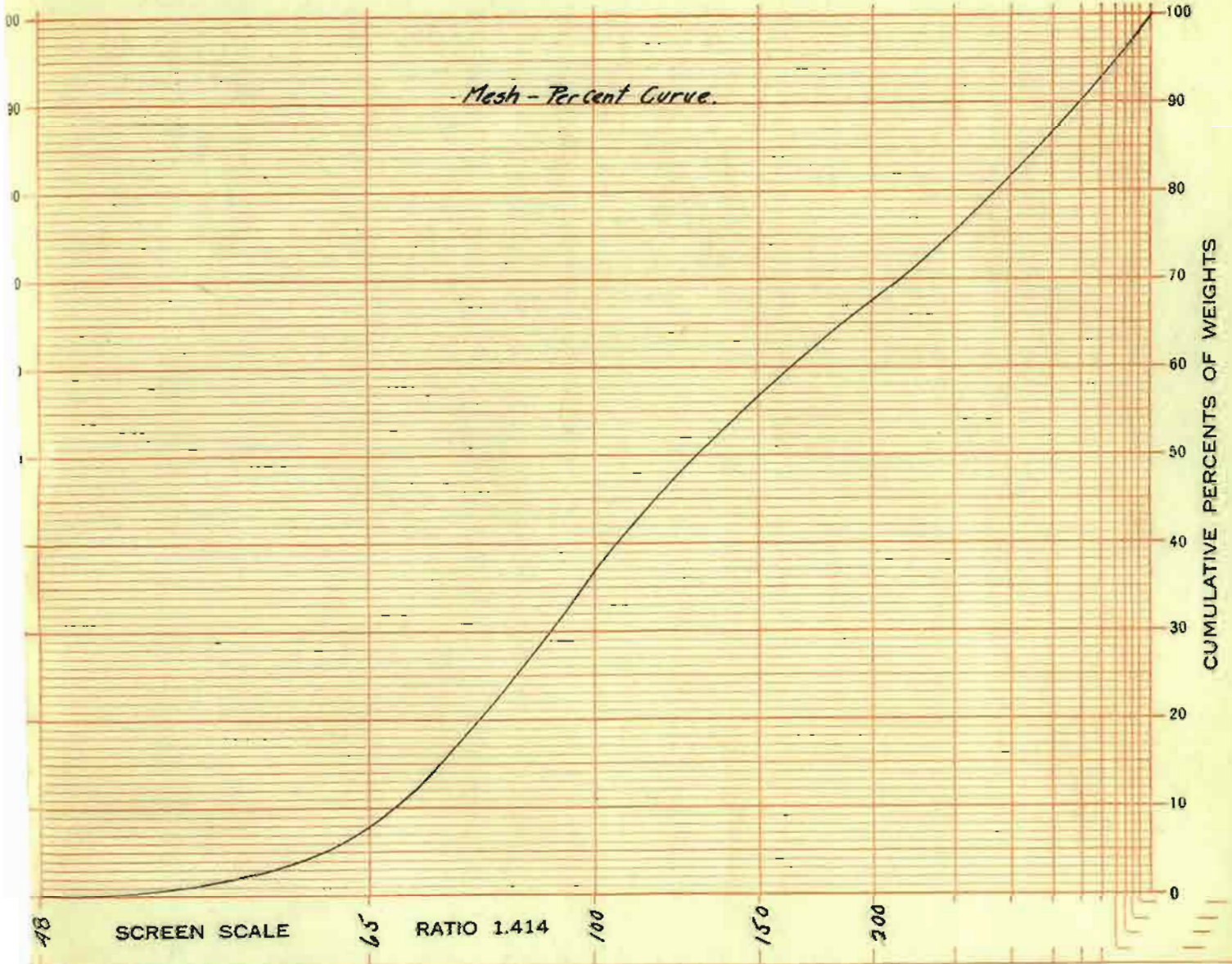
the Screen and through also First Retaining Screen	SCREEN SCALE RATIO 1.414				WEIGHTS			ASSAYS		CONTENTS		% of Total Content	
	Openings		Mesh	Diameter Wire Inches	Sample Weights	Per Cent	Per Cent Cumulative Weights						
	Inches	Milli- meters											
	1.050	26.67		.149									
	.742	18.85		.135									
	.525	13.33		.105									
	.371	9.423		.092									
	.263	6.680	3	.070									
	.185	4.699	4	.065									
	.131	3.327	6	.036									
	.093	2.362	8	.032									
	.065	1.651	10	.035									
	.046	1.188	14	.025									
	.0328	.833	20	.0172									
	.0232	.589	28	.0125									
	.0164	.417	35	.0122									
<i>48</i>	.0116	.295	48	.0092									
<i>65</i>	.0082	.208	65	.0072									
<i>100</i>	.0058	.147	100	.0042									
<i>150</i>	.0041	.104	150	.0026									
<i>200</i>	.0029	.074	200	.0021									
<i>200</i>	.0029	.074	200	.0021									
			Totals,										

# The Tyler Standard Screen Scale

Cumulative Direct Diagram of Screen Analysis on Sample of *Copeland Ore*

Name *Tapco 3rd Dale*

Date *May 3, 1917.*



The Screen No. through which the Sample Passes	SCREEN SCALE RATIO 1.414				WEIGHTS			ASSAYS			CONTENTS			% of Total Content		
	Openings		Mesh	Diameter Wire Inches	Sample Weights	Per Cent	Per Cent Cumulative Weights	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	Accumulative			%Pb	%Zn	%Fe
	Inches	Milli- meters									%Pb	%Zn	%Fe			
	1.050	26.67		.149												
	.742	18.85		.135												
	.525	13.33		.105												
	.371	9.423		.092												
	.263	6.680	3	.070												
	.185	4.699	4	.065												
	.131	3.327	6	.056												
	.093	2.362	8	.032												
	.065	1.651	10	.035												
	.046	1.168	14	.025												
	.0328	.833	20	.0172												
	.0232	.589	28	.0125												
	.0164	.417	35	.0122												
	.0116	.295	48	.0092												
	.0082	.208	65	.0072	38.90	7.78	7.78	3.21	34.90	10.00	7.7	9.30	8.20	7.70	9.30	8.20
	.0058	.147	100	.0042	145.70	29.80	36.96	3.28	24.10	7.60	4.12	33.50	33.30	35.50	33.50	29.6
	.0041	.104	150	.0028	190.40	20.80	57.00	3.90	27.90	11.40	61.6	52.70	57.00	18.90	19.30	25.8
	.0029	.074	200	.0021	51.84	10.40	67.90	3.67	39.90	9.30	72.2	46.00	64.90	11.70	13.30	10.1
	.0029	.074	200	.0021	163.70	32.60	100.00	2.68	30.20	9.30	100.0	100.00	100.00	26.70	29.00	35.2
				Totals,												



Machine Hoover Type

## Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy

OPERATING DATA.

Experimenter Tape + Dale

## FLOTATION LABORATORY.

Time 20 Min

ORE

"Thesis"

Test No	OIL			REAGENTS		FROTH		REMARKS.	RESULTS								
	No.	Amt.	Kind.	Kind	Amt.	Kind	Amt.		Concentrates			Tailing			Extraction		
									Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Per Ct. Ext.		
						c.c	Weight of Conc.		%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe
2			Flot #17 + Flot #22				192		2.84	25.9	12.6	2.81	29.9	7.88	20.9	21.4	34.0
3			Flot #17	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	5		77		4.73	28.3	8.73	3.12	29.12	8.90	13.9	9.38	9.4
4			" "	MnSO <sub>4</sub>	50		168		3.11	23.8	8.10	3.29	30.40	9.10	20.1	17.20	19.1
5			Flot #200				118		3.71	26.64	8.10	3.17	29.38	9.03	16.8	13.5	13.4
6			" "	SO <sub>3</sub>	50		48		3.44	39.61	13.67	3.23	28.22	8.59	6.3	8.18	9.2
7			Flot #8	BaOH	100												
			+ Creosote #1	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	5		39		3.24	47.2	7.80	3.25	28.1	8.94	4.86	7.9	4.27
8			Cresylic #54	"	"		80		2.26	38.66	8.55	3.36	27.93	8.90	6.90	13.3	9.6
9			" "				86		4.79	34.50	8.82	3.05	28.38	8.91	15.8	12.8	10.6
10			Oleic Acid	NaCl	50 gr												
				H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	5		57		1.68	44.6	18.2	3.30	28.20	8.18	3.7	10.9	14.5
11			No 8 Flot				184		3.71	35.98	10.66	3.11	27.02	8.38	26.3	28.5	27.5

Machine Hoover TypeExperimenter Pape & Dale

## Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy

## FLOTATION LABORATORY.

OPERATING DATA.

Time 20 Min

ORE

Concentration of a complex ore by means of  
selective flotation  
(Thesis)

Test No	OIL			REAGENTS		FROTH		REMARKS.	RESULTS						
	No.	Amt.	Kind.	Kind	Amt.	Kind	Amt.		Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Per Ct. Ext.
					cc	Weight of Conc.			Concentrates		Tailings		Extraction		
									%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb %Zn %Fe
12			Flot #22 + oil #1528	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	5	38			4.72	21.21	7.61	3.18	29.1	8.90	6.9 3.5 4.0
13			Pugh #20			115			3.98	34.52	10.58	3.48	26.64	8.60	8.5 17.1 12.2
14			Flot #17	KMnO <sub>4</sub>	50	33			4.21	39.9	10.61	3.21	28.55	8.82	5.3 5.65 4.9
15			Flot #8	NH <sub>4</sub> OH	100	101			4.12	41.2	9.40	3.11	27.7	8.83	16.0 17.7 13.3
16			Flot #105			86			4.16	38.63	13.71	3.14	27.88	8.31	13.7 14.3 16.5
17			Cresylic #59	KOH	50	73			4.03	46.8	15.44	3.17	27.2	8.24	11.3 14.7 16.8
18			Oleic Acid	NaOH	50										
				H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	5	38			3.51	31.62	26.13	3.22	28.6	8.02	5.1 4.8 13.9
19			Cresylic #54	K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	50	85			3.71	28.92	10.46	3.2	29.0	8.71	12.1 10.5 12.5
20			Flot #8	Al Alum	25	125			3.98	37.16	11.52	3.1	27.5	8.42	19.1 19.9 20.2
21			Flot #8												
			Flot #400	K <sub>2</sub> FeO <sub>4</sub>	25	110			5.37	35.48	13.23	2.9	27.8	8.21	22.8 16.7 20.4

Machine *Hoover Type*

## Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy

OPERATING DATA.

Experimenter *Paper & Dale*

FLOTATION LABORATORY.

Time *20 Min*

ORE

*"Thesis"*

Test No	OIL			REAGENTS		FROTH		REMARKS.	RESULTS								
	No.	Amt.	Kind.	Kind	Amt.	Kind	Amt.		Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Per Ct.	Ext.	
					cc	Weight of conc			Concentrates			Tailings			Extraction		
									%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe
22			<i>Eucalyptus #33</i>			<i>55</i>			<i>3.99</i>	<i>16.27</i>	<i>14.33</i>	<i>3.19</i>	<i>29.22</i>	<i>8.48</i>	<i>8.3</i>	<i>6.2</i>	<i>11.0</i>
23			<i>Flot #17</i>	<i>MnSO<sub>4</sub></i>	<i>30</i>			<i>ore roasted 1 hr</i>									
			<i>Creosote #56</i>			<i>24</i>		<i>at 200° to 300°C</i>	<i>5.01</i>	<i>23.2</i>	<i>9.38</i>	<i>3.19</i>	<i>29.2</i>	<i>8.88</i>	<i>4.62</i>	<i>2.4</i>	<i>3.16</i>
24			<i>Flot #17</i>					<i>ore heated 100° to</i>									
			<i>Oleic Acid</i>			<i>38</i>		<i>150°C 1/2 hr (Wentworth)</i>	<i>4.67</i>	<i>16.1</i>	<i>35.3</i>	<i>3.18</i>	<i>29.67</i>	<i>7.58</i>	<i>6.8</i>	<i>2.0</i>	<i>18.8</i>
25			<i>Flot #6</i>	<i>NH<sub>4</sub>OH</i>	<i>50</i>	<i>61</i>			<i>5.11</i>	<i>18.8</i>	<i>7.82</i>	<i>3.09</i>	<i>29.8</i>	<i>8.98</i>	<i>11.9</i>	<i>4.9</i>	<i>6.7</i>
26			<i>Flot #4</i>	<i>CuSO<sub>4</sub></i>	<i>25</i>	<i>79</i>			<i>4.07</i>	<i>34.2</i>	<i>7.00</i>	<i>3.20</i>	<i>28.4</i>	<i>9.11</i>	<i>12.3</i>	<i>11.6</i>	<i>7.7</i>
27			<i>Flot #1 1/2 #133</i>	<i>B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub></i>	<i>20</i>	<i>89</i>			<i>3.81</i>	<i>19.6</i>	<i>10.3</i>	<i>3.20</i>	<i>30.1</i>	<i>8.57</i>	<i>13.0</i>	<i>7.5</i>	<i>12.8</i>
28			<i>Flot #17</i>	<i>CdSO<sub>4</sub></i>	<i>50</i>	<i>6</i>			<i>4.67</i>	<i>28.9</i>	<i>11.46</i>	<i>3.20</i>	<i>28.9</i>	<i>8.9</i>	<i>1.16</i>	<i>.8</i>	<i>.9</i>
29			<i>" "</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>30</i>												
			<i>turpentine #1</i>			<i>6</i>			<i>3.20</i>	<i>46.28</i>	<i>4.50</i>	<i>3.25</i>	<i>28.0</i>	<i>8.7</i>	<i>.7</i>	<i>1.0</i>	<i>.38</i>
30			<i>Flot #17</i>	<i>CuSO<sub>4</sub></i>	<i>100</i>	<i>17</i>			<i>4.44</i>	<i>25.1</i>	<i>5.25</i>	<i>3.23</i>	<i>29.1</i>	<i>8.8</i>	<i>2.9</i>	<i>1.8</i>	<i>1.2</i>

Machine Hoover Type

## Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy

OPERATING DATA.

Experimenter Pope & Dale

## FLOTATION LABORATORY.

Time 20 Min

ORE

"Thesis"

Test No	OIL			REAGENTS		FROTH		REMARKS.	RESULTS								
	No.	Amt.	Kind.	Kind	Amt.	Kind	Amt.		Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Per Ct. Ext.		
					cc	Weight of Conc.			Concentrates		Tailings		Extraction				
									%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe
31			Flot #4	BaOH	100	74			5.20	28.92	8.37	3.06	28.3	8.9	14.7	9.2	8.7
32			" "	MnSO <sub>4</sub>	"	95			5.98	20.16	8.73	2.8	30.2	8.8	21.8	8.6	11.6
33			" "	K <sub>2</sub> Fe(CN) <sub>6</sub>	"	33			4.78	33.51	7.70	3.2	28.7	9.0	6.1	4.7	3.5
34			Fine Oil #6	KNO <sub>3</sub>	"			(Delprat)									
				HNO <sub>3</sub>	10	104			1.87	24.16	12.4	3.4	29.7	8.4	7.5	10.8	18.6
35			Flot #15	"	"			"									
				KNO <sub>3</sub>	150	325			2.13	24.22	10.85	4.0	32.4	7.3	26.6	33.8	19.6
36			" "	K Alum	50	70			4.51	28.65	6.12	3.13	29.3	9.2	12.1	8.6	6.0
37			Flot #4	KMnO <sub>4</sub>	100	135		Rolled 1 hr (Owen)	2.28	32.89	12.61	3.4	28.2	8.04	11.8	19.2	23.9
38			Flot #4														
			Flot #17	KMnO <sub>4</sub>	150	165		(Owen)	4.23	13.30	19.80	3.02	33.2	6.22	26.9	9.4	45.8
39			Creosote #19			60			1.01	13.70	9.60	3.30	30.2	8.7	2.3	3.5	8.1

Machine Hoover Type

# Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy

OPERATING DATA.

Experimenter Pape & Pale

## FLOTATION LABORATORY.

Time 20 Min.

ORE

"Thesis"

Test No	OIL			REAGENTS		FROTH		REMARKS.	RESULTS								
	No.	Amt.	Kind.	Kind	Amt.	Kind	Amt.		Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Per Ct. Ext.		
					cc	Weight of conc			Concentrates			Tailings			Extraction		
									%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe
55			Flot #15	KCN	60cc	1% sol		Nothing doing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
56			Flot #17	KMnO <sub>4</sub>	5			Poor separation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Machine *Hoover Type*

## Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy

OPERATING DATA.

Experimenter *Pape & Dale*

FLOTATION LABORATORY.

Time *20 Min*

ORE

*"Thesis"*

Test No	OIL			REAGENTS		FROTH		REMARKS.	RESULTS								
	No.	Amt.	Kind.	Kind	Amt.	Kind	Amt.		Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Per Ct. Ext.		
					cc	Weight of conc			Concentrates			Tailings			Extraction		
									%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe
47			Flot #4	$NiNO_3$	100	89		(Lyster)	3.36	31.92	9.11	3.2	28.6	8.4	11.6	12.2	11.2
48			Flot #580	$K_2CrO_4$	100	63		(Greenway and Lowry)	2.98	33.06	10.55	3.32	28.6	8.8	7.3	8.9	8.9
49			Cresylic Acid	$MnSO_4$	100			ore roasted 300°-400°									
			turpentine	$NaOH$	50	236		3hrs (Horwood)	1.85	45.2	7.11	3.8	22.3	9.8	16.8	45.8	23.5
50			Cresylic Acid			406		Cl <sub>2</sub> water used (Odlings)	1.22	20.0	13.82	5.3	36.3	3.7	19.0	35.0	78.7
51			Flot #17			387		" " " "	.97	26.4	14.8	5.3	31.2	3.1	14.4	44.0	80.5
52			Flot #400					ore roasted 300°-400°									
			Flot #8			87		3hrs (Horwood)	.60	47.8	4.11	3.5	26.6	9.3	2.0	17.9	5.0
53			Flot #8			101		ore roasted 300°-400°	1.11	52.1	3.68	3.5	25.7	4.4	4.3	22.6	5.2
								3hrs (Horwood)									
54			Flot #75	$KClO_3$	50	—		Much froth Nothing picked up									

Machine *Hoover Type*

## Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy

OPERATING DATA.

Experimenter *Pape & Dale*

## FLOTATION LABORATORY.

Time *20 Min*

ORE

*"Thesis"*

Test No	OIL			REAGENTS		FROTH		REMARKS.	RESULTS								
	No.	Amt.	Kind.	Kind	Amt.	Kind	Amt.		Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Wt.	Per Ct.	Per Ct. Ext.		
					cc	Weight of conc.			Concentrates			Tailings			Extraction		
									%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe	%Pb	%Zn	%Fe
40			<i>Flot #4</i>														
			<i>Flot #17</i>	<i>Nitre cake</i>	<i>60</i>	<i>112</i>			<i>3.36</i>	<i>26.82</i>	<i>8.88</i>	<i>3.23</i>	<i>31.3</i>	<i>10.4</i>	<i>10.8</i>	<i>13.03</i>	<i>14.2</i>
41			<i>Creosote #19</i>	<i>H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub></i>	<i>50</i>	<i>126</i>			<i>2.33</i>	<i>23.20</i>	<i>8.70</i>	<i>3.42</i>	<i>29.3</i>	<i>8.93</i>	<i>11.2</i>	<i>14.6</i>	<i>15.3</i>
42			<i>" "</i>	<i>CoNO<sub>3</sub></i>	<i>"</i>	<i>91</i>		<i>(Lyster)</i>	<i>3.78</i>	<i>16.40</i>	<i>10.5</i>	<i>3.40</i>	<i>30.7</i>	<i>8.30</i>	<i>13.2</i>	<i>6.4</i>	<i>13.4</i>
43			<i>Cresylic Acid</i>	<i>NaOH</i>	<i>50</i>												
			<i>turpentine</i>	<i>MnSO<sub>4</sub></i>	<i>100</i>	<i>38</i>			<i>4.60</i>	<i>18.50</i>	<i>10.3</i>	<i>3.18</i>	<i>29.5</i>	<i>8.70</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>3.0</i>	<i>5.5</i>
44			<i>same as (43)</i>														
			<i>plus Flot #18</i>			<i>65</i>			<i>4.12</i>	<i>29.85</i>	<i>10.94</i>	<i>3.1</i>	<i>28.5</i>	<i>8.4</i>	<i>10.2</i>	<i>8.4</i>	<i>10.07</i>
45			<i>Cresylic</i>	<i>MnSO<sub>4</sub></i>	<i>100</i>												
				<i>H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub></i>	<i>20</i>	<i>153</i>			<i>5.01</i>	<i>33.2</i>	<i>18.6</i>	<i>2.83</i>	<i>28.2</i>	<i>6.62</i>	<i>29.5</i>	<i>20.9</i>	<i>40.0</i>
46			<i>Eucalyptos #53</i>			<i>212</i>		<i>SO<sub>2</sub> gas used</i>	<i>4.82</i>	<i>5.37</i>	<i>21.6</i>	<i>2.7</i>	<i>37.7</i>	<i>4.09</i>	<i>39.4</i>	<i>4.8</i>	<i>64.3</i>
								<i>(Bradford)</i>									

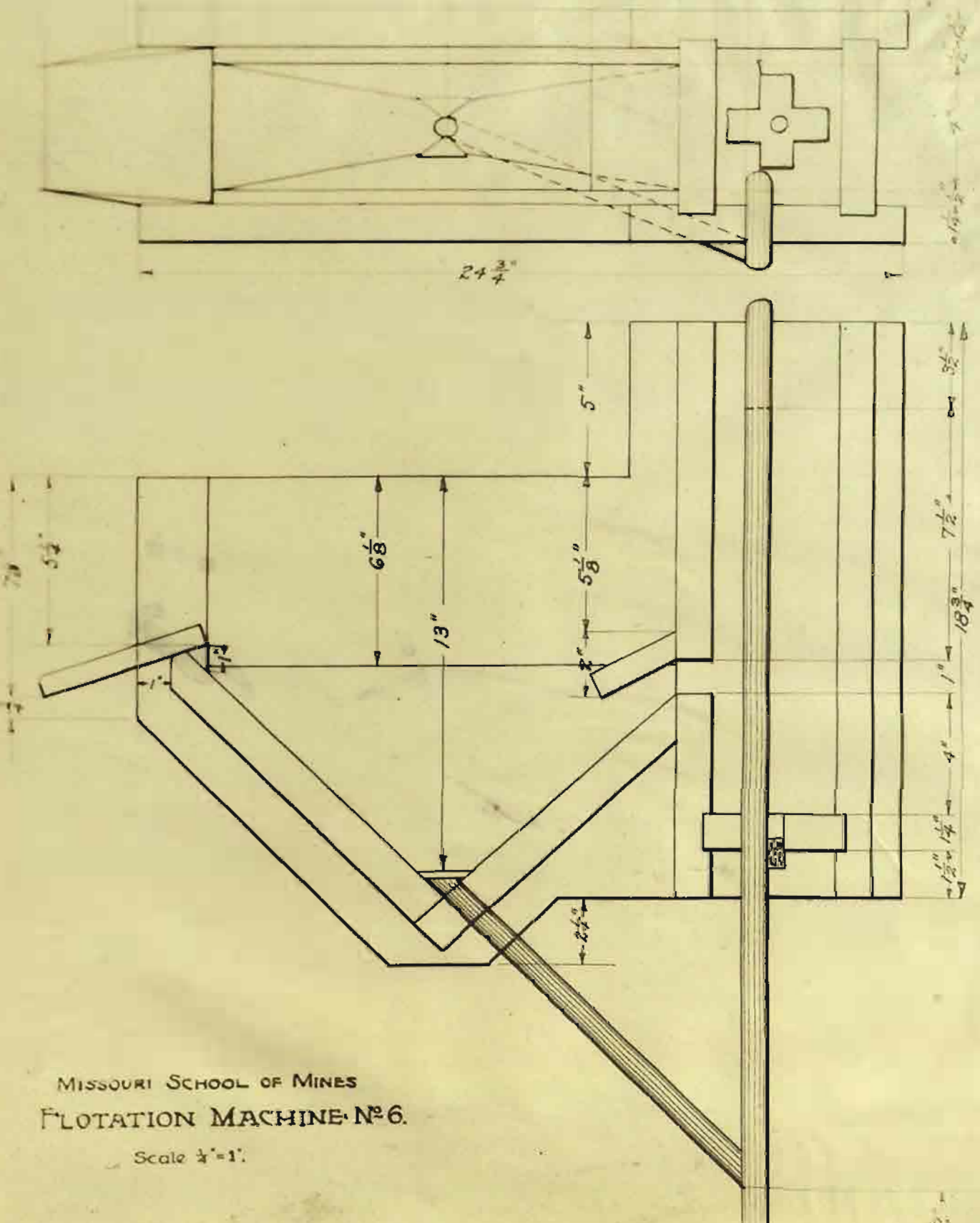
### Conclusion.

From the results obtained, the selective action of the different reagents may be seen. The best results of selective separation were secured by the Horwood Process. This was followed by results of diminishing value obtained from the Bradford, Delprat and Wentworth processes.

Many of the results show a tendency toward selective separation, but they are not distinctive enough to be used on a commercial scale. These results were obtained by running the tests twenty minutes. Probably, if these tests were run forty minutes or an hour, there might have been an appreciable distinction of separation one over the other, to warrant their use for this particular ore.



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MISSOURI SCHOOL OF MINES  
FLOTATION MACHINE No. 6.  
Scale  $\frac{1}{4}$ " = 1"

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